

# Dark sectors in $\eta, \eta'$ decays

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LOI with Corrado Gatto and Bastian Kubis  
Other collaborators welcome



# New $\eta$ and $\eta'$ factories on the horizon

## Upcoming experiments

**Jefferson Eta Factory (JEF)** at Jefferson Lab – Hall D (approved)

	$\eta$	$\eta'$	
Tagged mesons	$6.5 \times 10^7$	$4.9 \times 10^7$	per 100 days

**Rare Eta Decays with a TPC for Optical Photons (REDTOP)** possibly at Fermilab (proposed)

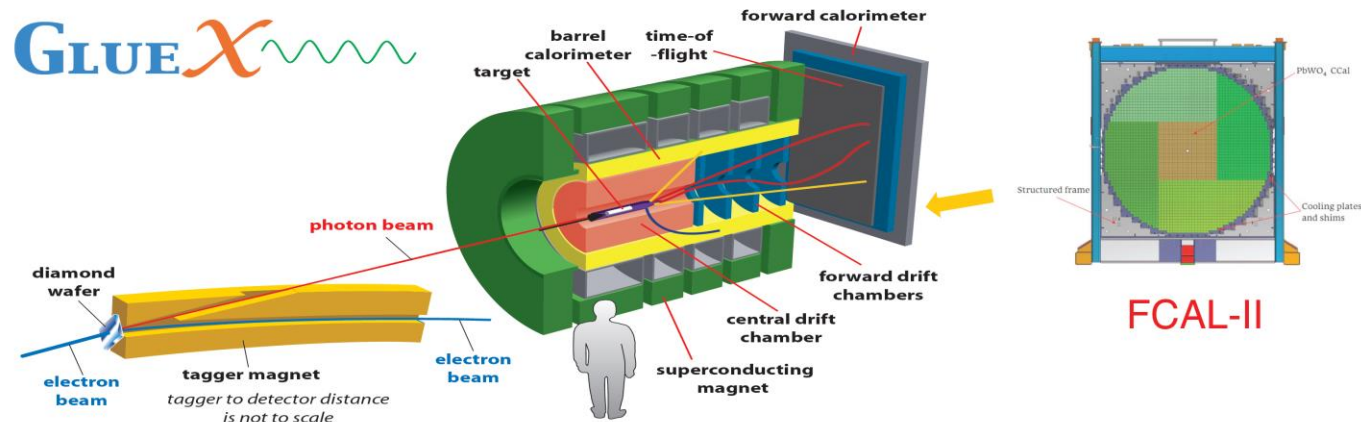
Phase I (untagged mode)	$2 \times 10^{13}$	$10^{11}$	
Phase II+ (tagged mode)	$1 \times 10^{13}$	$10^{11}$	per year

## Previous Experiments:

Experiment	Total $\eta$	Total $\eta'$
CB at AGS	$10^7$	-
CB MAMI-B	$2 \times 10^7$	-
CB MAMI-C	$6 \times 10^7$	$10^6$
WASA-COSY	$\sim 3 \times 10^7$ (p+d), $\sim 5 \times 10^8$ (p+p)	-
KLOE-II	$3 \times 10^8$	$5 \times 10^5$
BESIII	$\sim 10^7$	$\sim 5 \times 10^7$

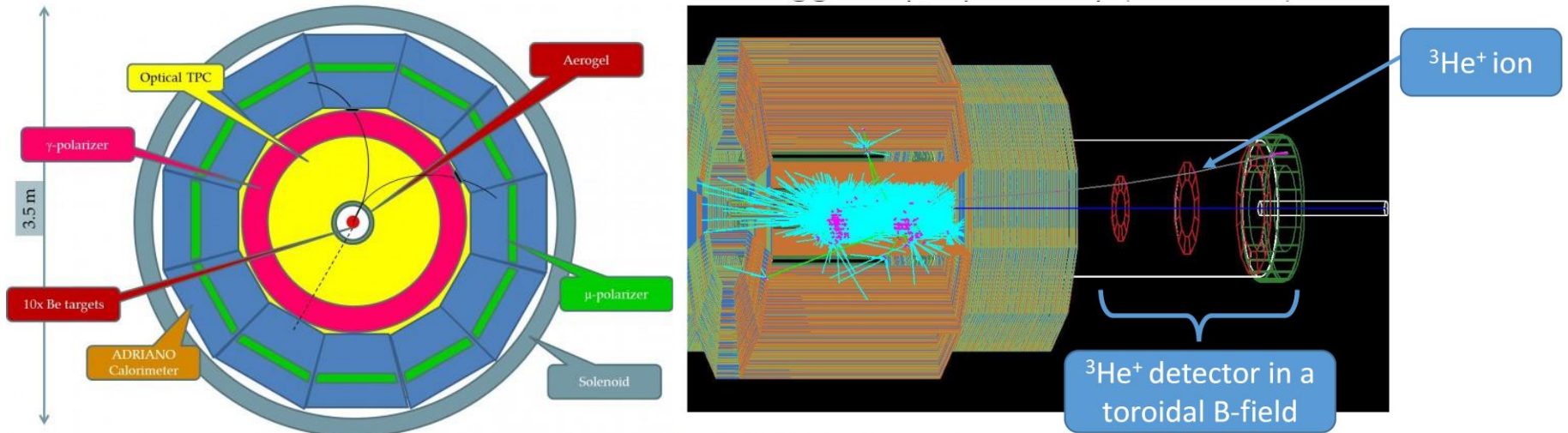
# Jefferson Eta Factory (JEF) experiment $\gamma$ beam (10 GeV) on H target

## GlueX + upgraded forward calorimeter at Jefferson Lab (Hall D)



## Rare Eta Decays with a TPC for Optical Photons (REDTOP)

proton beam (1-3 GeV) on nuclear target (Be/D)



See talks by Liping Gan and Anna Mazzacane (RF2 session)

# Rich physics program at $\eta, \eta'$ factories

## Standard Model highlights

- Theory input for light-by-light scattering for  $(g-2)_\mu$
- Extraction of light quark masses
- QCD scalar dynamics

## Fundamental symmetry tests

- P,CP violation
- C,CP violation

[Kobzarev & Okun (1964), Prentki & Veltman (1965), Lee (1965), Lee & Wolfenstein (1965), Bernstein et al (1965)]

## Dark sectors (MeV—GeV)

- Vector bosons
- Scalars
- Pseudoscalars (ALPs)

(Plus other channels that have not been searched for to date)

Channel	Expt. branching ratio	Discussion
$\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma$	39.41(20)%	chiral anomaly, $\eta$ - $\eta'$ mixing
$\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$	32.68(23)%	$m_u - m_d$
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma\gamma$	$2.56(22) \times 10^{-4}$	$\chi$ PT at $O(p^6)$ , leptophobic $B$ boson, light Higgs scalars
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma\gamma$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	$\chi$ PT, axion-like particles (ALPs)
$\eta \rightarrow 4\gamma$	$< 2.8 \times 10^{-4}$	$< 10^{-11}$ [52]
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	22.92(28)%	$m_u - m_d$ , C/CP violation, light Higgs scalars
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$	4.22(8)%	chiral anomaly, theory input for singly-virtual TFF and $(g-2)_\mu$ , P/CP violation
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma\gamma$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-3}$	$\chi$ PT, ALPs
$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$	$6.9(4) \times 10^{-3}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$ , dark photon, protophobic $X$ boson
$\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$3.1(4) \times 10^{-4}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$ , dark photon
$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$< 7 \times 10^{-7}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$ , BSM weak decays
$\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$5.8(8) \times 10^{-6}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$ , BSM weak decays, P/CP violation
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$		C/CP violation, ALPs
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$	$2.68(11) \times 10^{-4}$	theory input for doubly-virtual TFF and $(g-2)_\mu$ , P/CP violation, ALPs
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$< 3.6 \times 10^{-4}$	theory input for doubly-virtual TFF and $(g-2)_\mu$ , P/CP violation, ALPs
$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$	$2.40(22) \times 10^{-5}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$
$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$
$\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$< 3.6 \times 10^{-4}$	theory input for $(g-2)_\mu$
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma$	$< 5 \times 10^{-4}$	direct emission only
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	second-class current
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$< 4.4 \times 10^{-6}$ [53]	P/CP violation
$\eta \rightarrow 2\pi^0$	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-4}$	P/CP violation
$\eta \rightarrow 4\pi^0$	$< 6.9 \times 10^{-7}$	P/CP violation

Gan, Kubis, Passemar, ST  
[arxiv:2007.00664]

# $\eta, \eta'$ laboratory for dark sectors

- On-shell decays to new light particles in the MeV—GeV range
  - Vector bosons (hidden photons), scalar bosons, axion-like particles (ALPs)
- Leading decays of  $\eta$  are already suppressed  $\sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{\text{em}}^2)$  or  $\mathcal{O}((m_u - m_d)^2)$
- Larger mass reach for  $\eta'$  but worse sensitivity (total width larger by  $\sim 100$ )
- Decays to light hidden particles are 2- or 3-body decays that mimic 3-, 4-, or 5-body final states (often very rare)
- Search strategies (visible final states):
  - Resonance searches (bump hunting)
  - Displaced vertices (long-lived decays)
  - Rare decays – new physics process mimics highly-suppressed SM channels
- Other possibilities: invisible or partially-invisible decays

# Goals for Snowmass process

- Dark sector predictions and experimental sensitivities for  $\eta$ ,  $\eta'$  decays
  - Including more general frameworks beyond those considered in literature
  - Since NLO corrections can be important, go beyond leading order in  $\chi$ PT
  - Connection with landscape of constraints and anomalies [(g-2) $_{\mu}$ ,  $^8\text{Be}$ , etc.]
- Collaboration between dark sector phenomenology,  $\chi$ PT theory, and experiment

# Dark sector models

Models

Theory landscape

Predictions

Sensitivities

# Dark sector models

Models

Theory landscape

Predictions

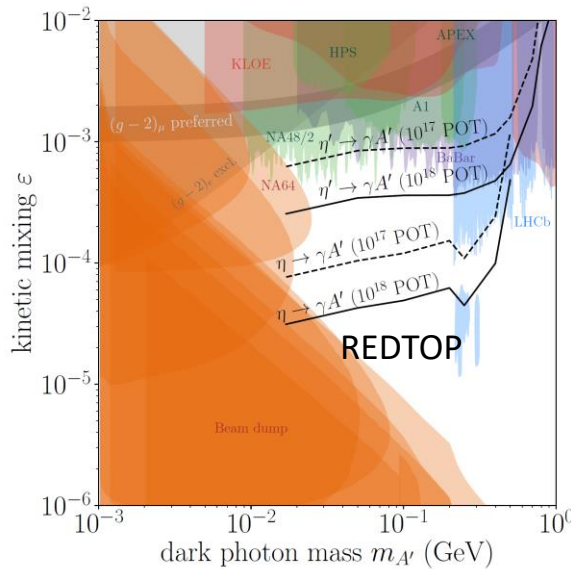
Sensitivities

Vector bosons



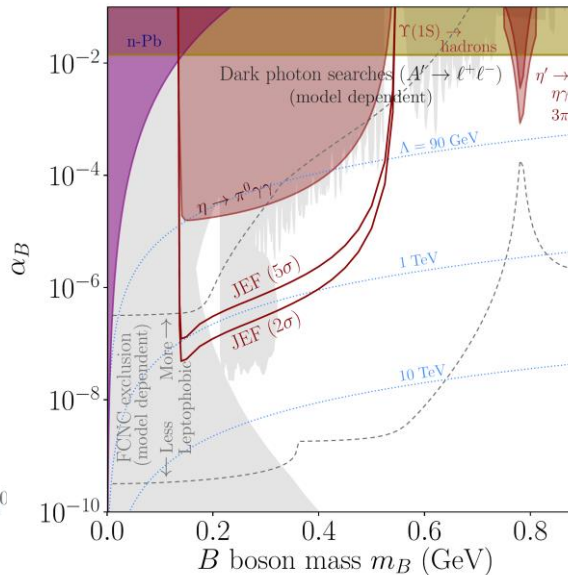
Dark photon

$$\eta, \eta' \rightarrow \gamma A' \rightarrow \gamma \ell^+ \ell^-$$



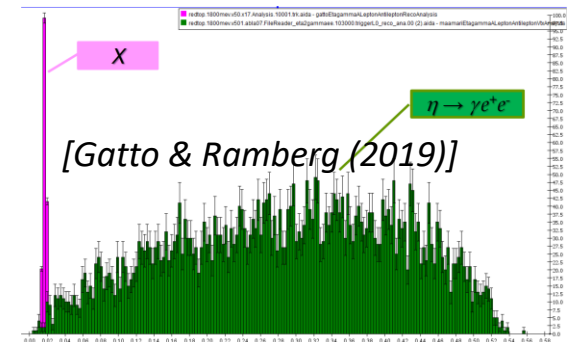
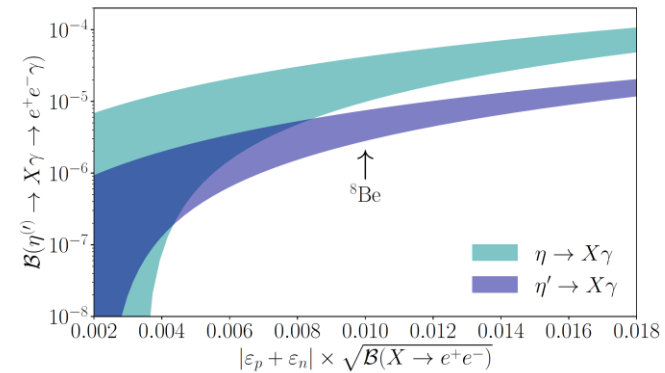
Leptophobic U(1)<sub>B</sub> boson

$$\eta \rightarrow B\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$$



[Gan et al (2020)]

Protophobic X(17) boson





# Dark sector models

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Theory landscape

Predictions

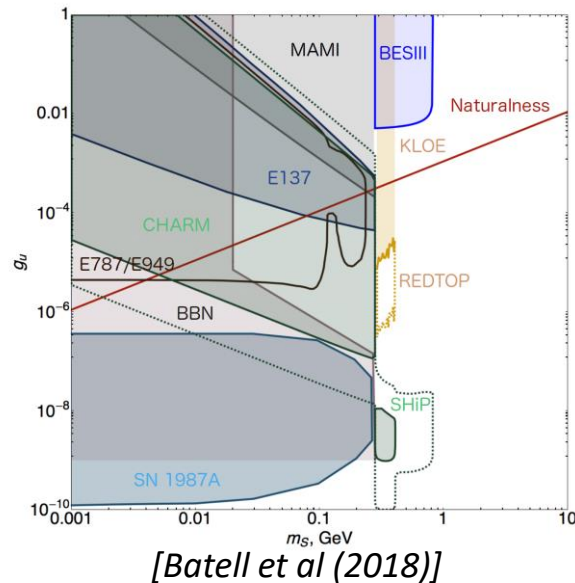
Sensitivities

Vector bosons



Scalar bosons

u-quark scalar coupling only



General signatures

$$\eta, \eta' \rightarrow \pi^0 S \rightarrow \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-, \quad \eta' \rightarrow \eta S \rightarrow \eta \ell^+ \ell^-$$

$$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 S \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$$

$$\eta, \eta' \rightarrow \pi^0 S \rightarrow 3\pi, \quad \eta' \rightarrow \eta S \rightarrow \eta \pi \pi$$

# Dark sector models

Models

Theory landscape

Predictions

Sensitivities

Vector bosons

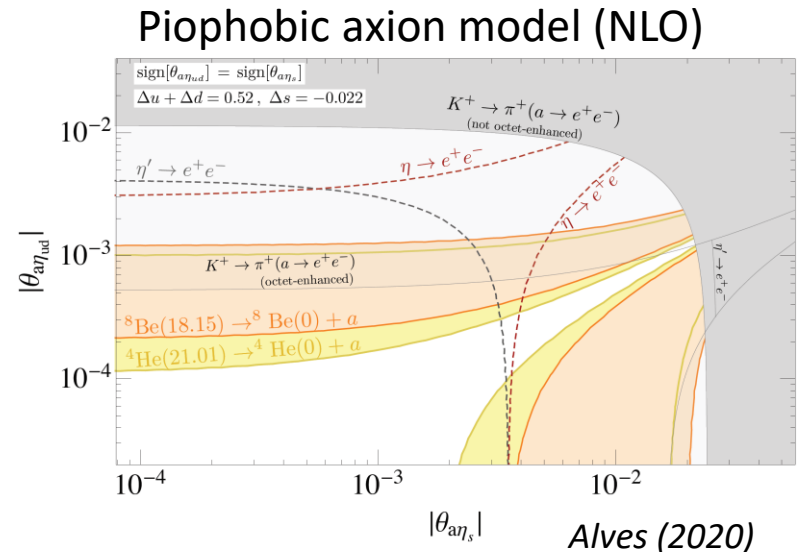
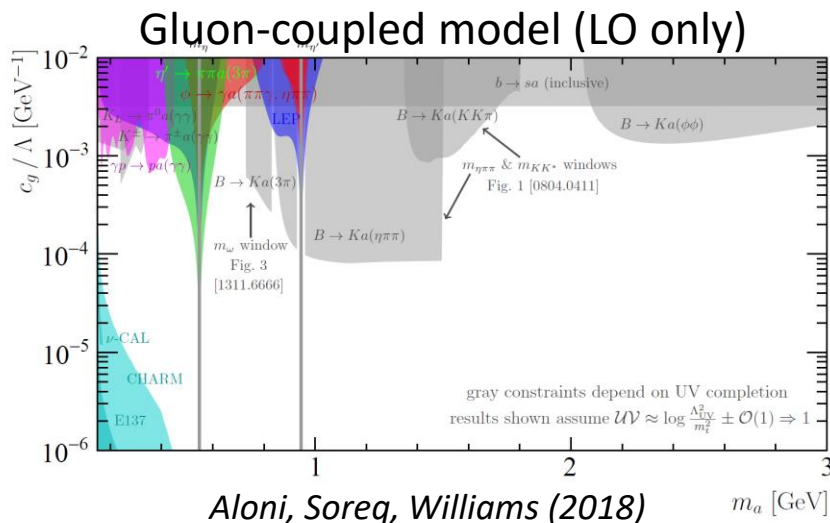


Scalar bosons




Go beyond simplified u-quark coupled model  
Study scalar form factors (esp. for  $\eta'$ )

Axion-like particles

$\eta, \eta'$  constraints for simplified models only



# Dark sector models

Models	Theory landscape	Predictions	Sensitivities
Vector bosons			
Scalar bosons	Go beyond simplified u-quark coupled model Study scalar form factors (esp. for $\eta'$ )		
Axion-like particles	Go beyond simplified models and LO predictions		

$$\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi a \rightarrow \pi\pi\gamma\gamma, \pi\pi e^+e^-, \pi\pi\mu^+\mu^- \quad (\text{and same for } \eta')$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow \pi\pi a \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi^+\pi^-\gamma, 5\pi$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^0 a \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\gamma\gamma, \eta\pi^0 e^+e^-, \eta\pi^0\mu^+\mu^-$$

# Summary

What is the motivation?

- $\eta, \eta'$  decays offer complementary probes of dark sectors
- Synergy with Standard Model  $\eta, \eta'$  decay studies

What joint efforts are needed?

- Collaboration between theorists to explore model landscape and predictions
- Collaboration with experimentalists to study sensitivities

What is the schedule?

- To be determined

If you are interested to join this effort, let me know!